Registration No. 199401009897 (295576-U)

AmBank Islamic Berhad

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Condensed Interim Financial Statements
For the Financial Period
1 April 2025 to
30 June 2025

(In Ringgit Malaysia)

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
ASSETS			
Cash and short-term funds	A8	2,602,579	2,438,112
Derivative financial assets	Ao	40,089	18,958
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	A9	1,867,222	2,289,309
Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive	7.0	1,001,222	2,200,000
income	A10	6,552,978	5,851,313
Financial investments at amortised cost	A11	3,671,032	3,573,489
Financing and advances	A12	46,023,185	46,652,572
Statutory deposit with Bank Negara Malaysia		480,000	930,000
Deferred tax asset		47,775	55,406
Other assets	A13	302,509	663,582
Property and equipment		327	323
Right-of-use assets		1,603	1,679
Intangible assets	_	190	210
TOTAL ASSETS	_	61,589,489	62,474,953
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Deposits from customers Investment accounts of customers Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institutions Investment account due to a licensed bank Recourse obligation on financing sold to Cagamas Berhad Derivative financial liabilities Term funding Subordinated Sukuk Other liabilities Provision for zakat TOTAL LIABILITIES	A14 A15 A16 A17	48,268,539 12,806 1,001,333 1,042,369 2,210,035 43,403 1,397,888 1,300,000 1,233,346 5,293 56,515,012	49,665,606 12,480 1,181,653 1,194,172 2,210,029 19,944 1,198,555 1,300,000 497,536 4,100 57,284,075
Share capital Reserves Equity attributable to equity holder of the Bank	- -	1,387,107 3,687,370 5,074,477	1,387,107 3,803,771 5,190,878
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	_	61,589,489	62,474,953
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	A35	13,546,929	12,729,503
NET ASSETS PER SHARE (RM)	<u>-</u>	10.26	10.50

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL QUARTER ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	Individual 0 30 June 2025 RM'000	Quarter 30 June 2024 RM'000	Cumulative 30 June 2025 RM'000	Quarter 30 June 2024 RM'000
Income derived from investment					
of depositors' funds	A19	663,186	645,484	663,186	645,484
Income derived from investment					
of investment account funds	A20	12,768	14,872	12,768	14,872
Income derived from investment					
of shareholder's funds	A21	72,445	69,674	72,445	69,674
(Allowance for)/Writeback of impairment					
on financing and advances - net	A22	(33,419)	3,849	(33,419)	3,849
Writeback of impairment on financial					
investments	A23	1,614	620	1,614	620
Writeback of impairment on other	A O 4	F		-	
financial assets	A24	5	-	5	-
Writeback of provision for commitments	A 0.5	70	025	70	025
and contingencies Total distributable income	A25 _	78 716,677	935 735,434	78 716,677	935 735,434
Income attributable to		7 10,077	735,434	710,077	735,434
the depositors and others	A26	(370,390)	(392,439)	(370,390)	(392,439)
Income attributable to the	A20	(370,390)	(392,439)	(370,390)	(392,439)
investment account holders	A27	(11,408)	(13,294)	(11,408)	(13,294)
Total net income		334,879	329,701	334,879	329,701
Other operating expenses	A28	(135,006)	(123,413)	(135,006)	(123,413)
Finance cost		(23,082)	(25,966)	(23,082)	(25,966)
Profit before zakat and taxation	_	176,791	180,322	176,791	180,322
Zakat		(1,193)	(1,777)	(1,193)	(1,777)
Taxation		(40,071)	(40,939)	(40,071)	(40,939)
Profit for the financial period		135,527	137,606	135,527	137,606
Basic/Diluted earnings	A29	27.41	27.83	27.41	27.83
Basic/Diluted earnings per share (sen)	A29 _	27.41	27.83	27.41	

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL QUARTER ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Individual (30 June 2025 RM'000	Quarter 30 June 2024 RM'000	Cumulative 30 June 2025 RM'000	Quarter 30 June 2024 RM'000
Profit for the financial period	135,527	137,606	135,527	137,606
Other comprehensive (loss)/income:				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit or loss:				
Equity Instruments Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income: Net unrealised (loss)/gain on changes in fair value Income tax effect Items that may be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit or loss:	(7,132) 1,712	4,966 (1,192)	(7,132) 1,712	4,966 (1,192)
Debt Instruments Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income: Net unrealised gain/(loss) on changes in fair value Changes in expected credit loss Net gain reclassified to statement	36,374 (782)	(2,409) (336)	36,374 (782)	(2,409) (336)
of profit or loss Income tax effect	(3,882) (7,798)	- 578	(3,882) (7,798)	- 578
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	18,492	1,607	18,492	1,607
Total comprehensive income for the financial period	154,019	139,213	154,019	139,213

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL QUARTER ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Attributable to Equity Holder of the Bank				
	Non-distributable Non-distributable		outable	Distributable	_
	Share capital RM'000	Regulatory reserve RM'000	Fair value reserve RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total equity RM'000
At 1 April 2024	1,387,107	43,368	8,390	3,344,076	4,782,941
Profit for the financial period	-	-	- 1,607	137,606	137,606
Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income for the financial period	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,607	137,606	1,607 139,213
Transfer to regulatory reserve Dividend on ordinary shares:	-	8,172	-	(8,172)	-
- final, financial year ended 31 March 2024	-	-	-	(20,269)	(20,269)
Other equity movements		8,172	-	(28,441)	(20,269)
At 30 June 2024	1,387,107	51,540	9,997	3,453,241	4,901,885
At 1 April 2025	1,387,107	80,674	(1,589)	3,724,686	5,190,878
Profit for the financial period	-	-	-	135,527	135,527
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_	<u> </u>	18,492		18,492
Total comprehensive income for the financial period	<u>-</u>		18,492	135,527	154,019
Transfer to regulatory reserve Dividend on ordinary shares:	-	28,598	-	(28,598)	-
- final, financial year ended 31 March 2025	-	-	-	(270,420)	(270,420)
Other equity movements		28,598	-	(299,018)	(270,420)
At 30 June 2025	1,387,107	109,272	16,903	3,561,195	5,074,477

UNAUDITED CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL QUARTER ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000
Profit before zakat and taxation	176,791	180,322
Adjustments for non-operating and non-cash items	36,135	7,169
Operating profit before working capital changes	212,926	187,491
Changes in working capital:		
Net change in operating assets	1,821,091	2,495,834
Net change in operating liabilities	(757,255)	(1,640,310)
Taxation paid	(77,125)	(39,423)
Net cash generated from operating activities	1,199,637	1,003,592
Net cash used in investing activities	(764,671)	(600,664)
Net cash used in financing activities	(270,505)	(20,354)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	164,461	382,574
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the financial period	2,438,130	775,195
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial period	2,602,591	1,157,769
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
Cash and short-term funds	2,602,579	1,157,754
Add: Allowances for expected credit loss for cash and cash		
equivalents at end of the financial period	12	15
	2,602,591	1,157,769

Explanatory Notes

A1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with MFRS 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and complies with the International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

These condensed interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements of the Bank for the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

A1.1 Material Accounting Policies

Description

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year. The adoption of the following amendments to published standards did not require a change in the accounting policies or retrospective adjustments, as they did not have any material impact on the financial statements of the Bank:

- Lack of Exchangeability (Amendments to MFRS 121 *The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates*)

The nature of the amendments to published standards relevant to the Bank are described below:

Lack of Exchangeability (Amendments to MFRS 121 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates)

The amendments clarified when a currency is exchangeable into another currency and how an entity estimates a spot rate when a currency lacks exchangeability. New disclosure requirements include the nature and financial impacts of the currency not being exchangeable, spot exchange rate used, estimation process and risks to the entity when the currency is not exchangeable.

Effective for

New standards and amendments to published standards issued but not yet effective

		annual periods beginning on or after
-	Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments to MFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i> and MFRS 7	
	Financial Instruments: Disclosures)	1 January 2026
-	Annual Improvements to MFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11	1 January 2026
-	Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity (Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments and MFRS 7 Financial Instruments:	
	Disclosures)	1 January 2026
-	MFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027
-	MFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	1 January 2027
-	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or	
	Joint Venture (Amendments to MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial	To be determined by
	Statements and MFRS 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures)	MASB

A1. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D.)

A1.1 Material Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)

New standards and amendments to published standards issued but not yet effective (Cont'd.)

The nature of the new standards and amendments to published standards issued and relevant to the Bank but not yet effective are described below. The Bank is currently assessing the financial effects of their adoption.

(a) Amendments to published standards effective for financial year ending 31 March 2027

Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments and MFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures)

The amendments clarified the dates of recognition and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities, with a new exception for financial liabilities settled through an electronic cash transfer system.

The amendments also provide additional guidance for assessing whether financial assets with contingent features that are not related directly to a change in basic lending risks or costs meet the solely payments of principal and profit ("SPPP") criterion.

Key characteristics of contractually linked instruments and the factors to be considered when assessing the cash flows underlying a financial asset with non-recourse features are also included in the amendments.

Additional disclosures are required for certain financial instruments with contractual terms that can change their cash flows and equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Annual Improvements to MFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11

The Annual Improvements to MFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11 include minor amendments affecting the following 5 MFRSs:

- Hedge accounting by a first-time adopter (Amendments to MFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards)
- (ii) Gain or loss on derecognition (Amendments to MFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures)
- (iii) Lessee derecognition of lease liabilities and transaction price (Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments)
- (iv) Determination of a "de facto agent" (Amendments to MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements)
- (v) Cost method (Amendments to MFRS 107 Statement of Cash Flows)

Wording in certain paragraphs of these standards has been amended to improve consistency with other relevant standards and cross-references to other standards, where applicable, have been added to enhance the understandability of these standards.

A1. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D.)

A1.1 Material Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)

New standards and amendments to published standards issued but not yet effective (Cont'd.)

The nature of the new standards and amendments to published standards issued and relevant to the Bank but not yet effective are described below. The Bank is currently assessing the financial effects of their adoption. (Cont'd.)

(a) Amendments to published standard effective for financial year ending 31 March 2027 (Cont'd.)

Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity (Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments and MFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures)

The amendments allow an entity to apply the own-use exemption to its nature-dependent electricity contracts if the entity has been, and expects to be a, net purchaser of electricity for the contract period.

Nature-dependent electricity contracts that do not meet the own-use exemption are accounted for as derivatives and measured at fair value through profit or loss. Applying hedge accounting could reduce profit or loss volatility by reflecting how these contracts hedge the price of future electricity purchases or sales.

Additional disclosures include, but are not limited to, the following:

- contractual features exposing the entity to variability in underlying amount of electricity and risk of oversupply;
- estimated future cash flows from unrecognised contractual commitments to buy electricity in appropriate time bands;
- qualitative information about how the entity assesses whether a contract might become onerous; and
- qualitative and quantitative information about the costs and proceeds associated with purchases and sales of electricity.

(b) New standard effective for financial year ending 31 March 2028

MFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

MFRS 18 is a new accounting standard for presentation and disclosure of information in the financial statements which supersedes MFRS 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*.

MFRS 18 introduced a defined structure for the statement of profit or loss comprising three main categories which include operating, investing and financing categories. Classification of income and expenses will be driven by the main business activities. Specified totals and subtotals are to be presented in the statement of profit or loss.

Information related to the management-defined performance measures ("MPM") should be disclosed in a note to the financial statements, including a reconciliation between the MPM and the most similar specified subtotal. Entity is also required to present expenses in the operating category by nature, function or a mix of both.

Enhanced guidance on the principles of aggregation and disaggregation, which focus on grouping of items based on their shared characteristics should be applied across the financial statements.

A1. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D.)

A1.1 Material Accounting Policies (Cont'd.)

New standards and amendments to published standards issued but not yet effective (Cont'd.)

The nature of the new standards and amendments to published standards issued and relevant to the Bank but not yet effective are described below. The Bank is currently assessing the financial effects of their adoption. (Cont'd.)

(b) New standard effective for financial year ending 31 March 2028 (Cont'd.)

MFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (Cont'd.)

Consequential amendments to other accounting standards include, among others:

(i) MFRS 107 Statement of Cash Flows

The amendments require operating profit or loss subtotal to be used as the starting point when presenting operating cash flows under the indirect method and interest and dividend cash flows to be classified based on the main business activities.

(ii) MFRS 133 Earnings per Share

The amendments permit entities to disclose additional amounts per share using only the following numerators:

- required income and expenses totals and subtotals;
- common income and expenses subtotals listed in MFRS 18; or
- MPM disclosed by the entity.

(iii) MFRS 134 Interim Financial Reporting

Entity is required to provide additional disclosures for MPM in the condensed interim financial statements.

(iv) MFRS 108 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

Certain requirements such as going concern assessment have been moved from MFRS 101 to MFRS 108, which will be renamed MFRS 108 *Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements* when MFRS 18 becomes effective.

A1.2 Significant Accounting judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the condensed interim financial statements in accordance with MFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities, the accompanying disclosures and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Judgements, estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on the past experience, reasonable expectations of future events and other factors. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

In the process of applying the Bank's accounting policies, the significant judgements, estimates and assumptions made by management were the same as those applied to the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

A2. AUDIT QUALIFICATION

The auditors' report on the audited annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 was not qualified.

A3. SEASONALITY OR CYCLICALITY OF OPERATIONS

The operations of the Bank were not materially affected by any seasonal or cyclical fluctuation in the current financial period.

A4. UNUSUAL ITEMS DUE TO THEIR NATURE, SIZE OR INCIDENCE

There were no unusual items during the current financial period affecting the financial results of the Bank.

A5. CHANGES IN ESTIMATES

There was no material change in estimates of amounts reported in prior financial years that have a material effect on the financial period.

A6. ISSUANCE, REPURCHASE AND REPAYMENT OF DEBT AND EQUITY

Issuance of Commercial Paper

On 26 June 2025, the Bank issued the Series 2 of Islamic Commercial Papers ("ICP") with nominal value of RM400.0 million under its RM3.0 billion Islamic Commercial Papers based on Shariah principle of Wakalah Bi Al-Istithmar Programme ("Sukuk Wakalah Programme"). The tenure of the ICP is two (2) months, which was issued at a discount of 3.44% per annum.

Repayment of Commercial Paper

On 11 June 2025, the Bank redeemed the Series 1 of ICP with nominal value of RM200.0 million under its Sukuk Wakalah Programme.

Other than disclosed above, there were no new issuance of debt and equity securities, share buy-backs, share cancellations, shares held as treasury shares nor resale of treasury shares and repayment of debt securities by the Bank during the financial period.

A7. DIVIDENDS

During the financial period, a final single-tier dividend of 54.7 sen per ordinary share on 494,368,541 ordinary shares amounting to approximately RM270,419,592 in respect of previous financial year was paid on 26 June 2025.

There is no dividend proposed for the current financial period.

A8. CASH AND SHORT-TERM FUNDS

	Note	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
Cash and bank balances		102,591	98,130
Less: Allowances for Expected Credit Loss ("ECL")	(a)	(12)	(18)
		102,579	98,112
Deposits and placements maturing within one month with original maturity of three months or less: Bank Negara Malaysia		2,500,000	2,340,000
		2,602,579	2,438,112
(a) The movements in allowances for ECL are as follow:			
			Stage 1 12-Month ECL RM'000
30 June 2025			
Balance at beginning of the financial period			18
Net writeback of ECL (Note A24):			(5)
Net remeasurement of allowances			(5)
Foreign exchange differences			(1)
Balance at end of the financial period		_	12
·		_	
31 March 2025			
Balance at beginning of the financial year			16
Net allowance for ECL:		_	4
Net remeasurement of allowances			4
Foreign exchange differences			(2)
Balance at end of the financial year		_	18

A10.

A9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
At fair value:		
Money Market Instruments:		
Malaysian Islamic Treasury Bills	-	130,082
Malaysian Government Investment Issues	1,418,782	1,516,152
	1,418,782	1,646,234
Unquoted Securities:		
In Malaysia:		
Sukuk	448,440	643,075
	1,867,222	2,289,309
	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
At fair value:		
At fair value:		
Money Market Instruments:		
Money Market Instruments: Malaysian Government Investment Issues	3,127,283	1,848,281
Money Market Instruments:	299,554	992,049
Money Market Instruments: Malaysian Government Investment Issues		
Money Market Instruments: Malaysian Government Investment Issues	299,554	992,049
Money Market Instruments: Malaysian Government Investment Issues Islamic Negotiable Instruments of Deposit	299,554	992,049
Money Market Instruments: Malaysian Government Investment Issues Islamic Negotiable Instruments of Deposit Quoted Securities:	299,554	992,049
Money Market Instruments: Malaysian Government Investment Issues Islamic Negotiable Instruments of Deposit Quoted Securities: In Malaysia: Shares	299,554 3,426,837	992,049 2,840,330
Money Market Instruments: Malaysian Government Investment Issues Islamic Negotiable Instruments of Deposit Quoted Securities: In Malaysia: Shares Unquoted Securities:	299,554 3,426,837	992,049 2,840,330
Money Market Instruments: Malaysian Government Investment Issues Islamic Negotiable Instruments of Deposit Quoted Securities: In Malaysia: Shares	299,554 3,426,837 7,936	992,049 2,840,330 9,715
Money Market Instruments: Malaysian Government Investment Issues Islamic Negotiable Instruments of Deposit Quoted Securities: In Malaysia: Shares Unquoted Securities: In Malaysia:	299,554 3,426,837	992,049 2,840,330

A10. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONT'D.)

The Bank had undertaken a fair value hedge on the profit rate risk of unquoted sukuk of RM350.0 million using profit rate swap with AmBank (M) Berhad ("AmBank"). The said hedge has matured as at 30 September 2024. The gain/(loss) arising from the fair value hedge during the previous financial year is as follows:

	31 March 2025 RM'000
Relating to hedged item Relating to hedging instrument	(1,075) 1,088 13

The fair value changes on the hedge item is taken up under fair value reserve and the hedging gain or loss on the hedged item is reclassified to profit or loss.

Movements in allowances for ECL are as follows:

	Stage 1 12-Month	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL not credit	
	ECL RM'000	impaired RM'000	Total RM'000
30 June 2025			
Balance at beginning of the financial period	4,714	_	4,714
Net writeback for ECL (Note A23):	(782)	_	(782)
New financial assets originated	456	-	456
Financial assets derecognised	(1,081)	-	(1,081)
Net remeasurement of allowances	(157)	-	(157)
Balance at end of the financial period	3,932		3,932
31 March 2025			
Balance at beginning of the financial year	5,161	1,490	6,651
Net writeback for ECL:	(447)	(1,490)	(1,937)
- Transfer to Stage 1	701	(1,490)	(789)
New financial assets originated	1,259	-	1,259
Financial assets derecognised	(2,584)	-	(2,584)
Net remeasurement of allowances	177		177
Balance at end of the financial year	4,714	-	4,714

A11. FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS AT AMORTISED COST

	Note	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
At amortised cost:			
Money Market Instruments: Malaysian Government Investment Issues		1,057,546	1,057,483
Unquoted Securities: In Malaysia:			
Sukuk		3,088,499	2,991,851
Less: Allowances for ECL	(a)	(475,013) 3,671,032	(475,845) 3,573,489
(a) The movements in allowances for ECL are as follow	ws:		
	Stage 1	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	
	12-Month ECL RM'000	Credit Impaired RM'000	Total RM'000
30 June 2025		Impaired	
Balance at beginning of the financial period	RM'000 2,392	Impaired RM'000 473,453	RM'000 475,845
Balance at beginning of the financial period Net allowances for/(writeback of) ECL (Note A23): New financial assets originated	RM'000 2,392 9 270	Impaired RM'000	RM'000 475,845 (832) 270
Balance at beginning of the financial period Net allowances for/(writeback of) ECL (Note A23):	2,392 9 270 (15)	473,453 (841)	475,845 (832) 270 (15)
Balance at beginning of the financial period Net allowances for/(writeback of) ECL (Note A23): New financial assets originated Financial asset derecognised	RM'000 2,392 9 270	Impaired RM'000 473,453	RM'000 475,845 (832) 270
Balance at beginning of the financial period Net allowances for/(writeback of) ECL (Note A23): New financial assets originated Financial asset derecognised Net remeasurement of allowances Balance at end of the financial period 31 March 2025	2,392 9 270 (15) (246) 2,401	Impaired RM'000 473,453 (841) - (841) 472,612	475,845 (832) 270 (15) (1,087) 475,013
Balance at beginning of the financial period Net allowances for/(writeback of) ECL (Note A23): New financial assets originated Financial asset derecognised Net remeasurement of allowances Balance at end of the financial period	2,392 9 270 (15) (246)	473,453 (841)	475,845 (832) 270 (15) (1,087)
Balance at beginning of the financial period Net allowances for/(writeback of) ECL (Note A23): New financial assets originated Financial asset derecognised Net remeasurement of allowances Balance at end of the financial period 31 March 2025 Balance at beginning of the Balance at beginning of the financial year Net allowances for/(writeback of) ECL:	2,392 9 270 (15) (246) 2,401 1,919	Impaired RM'000 473,453 (841) - (841) 472,612	RM'000 475,845 (832) 270 (15) (1,087) 475,013 477,006 (1,161)
Balance at beginning of the financial period Net allowances for/(writeback of) ECL (Note A23): New financial assets originated Financial asset derecognised Net remeasurement of allowances Balance at end of the financial period 31 March 2025 Balance at beginning of the Balance at beginning of the financial year	2,392 9 270 (15) (246) 2,401 1,919 473 1,017	Impaired RM'000 473,453 (841) - (841) 472,612	475,845 (832) 270 (15) (1,087) 475,013 477,006 (1,161) 1,017
Balance at beginning of the financial period Net allowances for/(writeback of) ECL (Note A23): New financial assets originated Financial asset derecognised Net remeasurement of allowances Balance at end of the financial period 31 March 2025 Balance at beginning of the Balance at beginning of the financial year Net allowances for/(writeback of) ECL: New financial assets originated	2,392 9 270 (15) (246) 2,401 1,919	Impaired RM'000 473,453 (841) - (841) 472,612	RM'000 475,845 (832) 270 (15) (1,087) 475,013 477,006 (1,161)

A12. FINANCING AND ADVANCES

A12a. Financing and advances by type and Shariah contracts are as follows:

30 June 2025

				Al-Ijarah			
Ba	ai' Bithaman		Musharakah	Thummah Al			
	Ajil	Murabahah	Mutanaqisah	-Bai' ("AITAB")	Bai' Inah	Others	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At amortised cost:							
Cash lines	-	614,648	-	-	382,680	-	997,328
Term financing	219,485	15,065,920	6,390	-	270,954	-	15,562,749
Revolving credit	1,633	4,305,699	-	-	556,470	-	4,863,802
Housing financing	2,063,585	12,783,770	33,480	-	-	-	14,880,835
Hire purchase receivables	-	129	-	5,080,986	-	-	5,081,115
Bills receivables	-	1,993,055	-	-	-	89,039	2,082,094
Credit card receivables	-	-	-	-	-	560,218	560,218
Trust receipts	-	708,843	-	-	-	-	708,843
Staff financing	-	20,606	-	-	-	-	20,606
Claims on customers under							
acceptance credits	-	1,446,692	-	-	-	386,391	1,833,083
Others	-	-	-	-	-	4,049	4,049
Gross financing and advances*	2,284,703	36,939,362	39,870	5,080,986	1,210,104	1,039,697	46,594,722
Less: Allowance for ECL (Note A12(j))							
- Stage 1 - 12 months ECL							(106,445)
- Stage 2 - Lifetime ECL not credit impaired							(305,681)
- Stage 3 - Lifetime ECL credit impaired							(159,411)
Net financing and advances						_	46,023,185

A12. FINANCING AND ADVANCES (CONT'D.)

A12a. Financing and advances by type and Shariah contracts are as follows (Cont'd.):

31 March 2025

				Al-Ijarah			
	Bai' Bithaman		Musharakah	Thummah Al			
	Ajil	Murabahah	Mutanaqisah	-Bai' ("AITAB")	Bai' Inah	Others	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At amortised cost:							
Cash lines	-	614,988	-	-	419,104	-	1,034,092
Term financing	228,357	14,892,995	6,504	-	287,958	-	15,415,814
Revolving credit	1,695	5,064,152	-	-	569,351	-	5,635,198
Housing financing	2,094,124	12,626,695	34,143	-	-	-	14,754,962
Hire purchase receivables	-	133	-	5,130,052	-	-	5,130,185
Bills receivables	-	1,702,146	-	-	-	133,902	1,836,048
Credit card receivables	-	-	-	-	-	555,645	555,645
Trust receipts	-	823,413	-	-	-	-	823,413
Staff financing	-	20,819	-	-	-	-	20,819
Claims on customers under							
acceptance credits	-	1,580,802	-	-	-	401,876	1,982,678
Others	-		-			13,629	13,629
Gross financing and advances*	2,324,176	37,326,143	40,647	5,130,052	1,276,413	1,105,052	47,202,483
Less: Allowance for ECL (Note A12(j))							
- Stage 1 - 12 months ECL							(105,174)
- Stage 2 - Lifetime ECL not credit impaired	b						(301,921)
- Stage 3 - Lifetime ECL credit impaired						_	(142,816)
Net financing and advances						_	46,652,572

^{*} Included in financing and advances are exposures to the Restricted Investment Account ("RA") arrangement between the Bank and AmBank (M) Berhad ("AmBank") amounting to RM1,045.1 million (31 March 2025: RM1,197.5 million). Under the RA contract, the profit is shared based on a pre-agreed ratio. AmBank is exposed to the risks and rewards on the RA financing and it shall account for all allowance for ECL arising from the RA financing. Further details of the RA are disclosed in Note A17.

A12b. Gross financing and advances analysed by type of customer are as follows:

	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
Domestic non-bank financial institutions	1,950,879	2,024,004
Domestic business enterprises		
- Small medium enterprises ("SME")	7,216,910	7,409,117
- Others	10,498,080	10,705,313
Government and statutory bodies	2,318,310	2,503,651
Individuals	24,572,682	24,521,977
Other domestic entities	81	90
Foreign individuals and entities	37,780	38,331
	46,594,722	47,202,483

A12c. All financing and advances reside in Malaysia.

A12d. Gross financing and advances analysed by profit rate sensitivity are as follows:

	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
Fixed rate		
- Housing financing	164,749	166,844
- Hire purchase receivables	5,020,695	5,068,909
- Other financing	5,132,796	5,300,083
Variable rate		
- Base rate and base financing rate plus	23,579,612	23,485,505
- Cost plus	12,592,954	13,062,256
- Other variable rates	103,916	118,886
	46,594,722	47,202,483

A12e. Gross financing and advances analysed by sector are as follows:

	30 June 2025	31 March 2025
	RM'000	RM'000
Agriculture	1,365,485	1,319,453
Mining and quarrying	154,852	128,174
Manufacturing	4,565,251	4,768,685
Electricity, gas and water	927,403	895,340
Construction	1,015,405	954,068
Wholesale and retail trade and hotel and restaurants	4,290,849	3,895,350
Transport, storage and communication	1,825,194	2,436,985
Finance and insurance	3,872,735	3,561,999
Real estate	2,661,316	2,899,625
Business activities	907,701	1,391,104
Education and health	398,070	391,392
Household of which:	24,610,461	24,560,308
- Purchase of residential properties	14,943,314	14,818,072
- Purchase of transport vehicles	4,624,765	4,671,833
- Others	5,042,382	5,070,403
	46,594,722	47,202,483

A12f. Gross financing and advances analysed by residual contractual maturity are as follows:

	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
Maturing within one year	11,377,656	12,202,010
Over one year to three years	1,311,246	1,410,727
Over three years to five years	3,730,276	2,985,016
Over five years	30,175,544	30,604,730
	46,594,722	47,202,483
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

A12g. Movements in impaired financing and advances are as follows:

	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
Balance at beginning of the financial period/year	624,179	655,234
Additions during the period/year	223,278	546,352
Reclassified as non-impaired	(89,223)	(142,546)
Recoveries	(30,465)	(207,377)
Amount written off	(28,963)	(227,484)
Balance at end of the financial period/year	698,806	624,179
Gross impaired financing and advances		
as % of gross financing and advances	1.50%	1.32%
Financing loss coverage (including regulatory reserve)	100.2%	104.1%

A12h. All impaired financing and advances reside in Malaysia.

A12i. Impaired financing and advances by sector are as follows:

	30 June	31 March
	2025	2025
	RM'000	RM'000
Agriculture	5,032	8,040
Mining and quarrying	37,312	37,319
Manufacturing	30,156	27,445
Electricity, gas and water	23,023	869
Construction	41,206	38,945
Wholesale and retail trade and hotel and restaurants	56,058	50,470
Transport, storage and communication	8,258	7,013
Real estate	62,100	61,946
Business activities	9,809	5,852
Education and health	70	641
Household of which:	425,782	385,639
- Purchase of residential properties	353,861	327,921
- Purchase of transport vehicles	27,446	17,787
- Others	44,475	39,931
	698,806	624,179

A12j. The movements in the allowances for ECL are as follows:

	Stage 1 12-month ECL RM'000	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL Not Credit Impaired RM'000	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL Credit Impaired RM'000	Total RM'000
30 June 2025				
Balance at beginning of the				
financial period	105,174	301,921	142,816	549,911
Net allowances for ECL	1,339	3,760	45,558	50,657
- Transfer to Stage 1	3,605	(17,394)	(2,526)	(16,315)
- Transfer to Stage 2	(5,397)	35,962	(13,127)	17,438
- Transfer to Stage 3	(292)	(23,274)	51,536	27,970
New financial assets originated	19,273	11,818	119	31,210
Net remeasurement of allowances	976	15,505	10,131	26,612
Changes to model assumptions	(2.42)	(0.000)		(0.044)
and methodologies	(949)	(2,262)	-	(3,211)
Modification of contractual cash		0	4.40	047
flows of financial assets	66 (15,943)	8 (16,603)	143 (718)	217
Financial assets derecognised Foreign exchange differences	(68)	(10,003)	(716)	(33,264)
Amount written-off	(00)	- -	(28,963)	(28,963)
Balance at end of the financial			(20,000)	(20,000)
period	106,445	305,681	159,411	571,537
31 March 2025				
Balance at beginning of the				
financial year	109,080	337,673	196,450	643,203
Net (writeback of)/allowances for				
ECL:	(3,845)	(28,654)	173,850	141,351
- Transfer to Stage 1	4,590	(34,126)	(5,006)	(34,542)
- Transfer to Stage 2	(5,909)	56,103	(18,347)	31,847
- Transfer to Stage 3	(606)	(27,723)	77,120	48,791
New financial assets originated	38,882	30,434	3,124	72,440
Net remeasurement of allowances	(7,157)	(17,096)	120,295	96,042
Changes to model assumptions	(40.007)	4.075		(44.550)
and methodologies	(12,927)	1,375	-	(11,552)
Modification of contractual cash	(500)	(4.057)	445	(0.400)
flows of financial assets	(588)	(1,657)	115	(2,130)
Financial assets derecognised Foreign exchange differences	(20,130) (61)	(35,964)	(3,451)	(59,545)
Amount written-off	(01)	(14) (7,084)	(227,484)	(75) (234,568)
Balance at end of the financial		(7,004)	(221,404)	(204,000)
year	105,174	301,921	142,816	549,911
,	100,174	301,021	172,010	0 70,011

A13. OTHER ASSETS

	Note	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments		91,706	100,949
Amount due from related companies	(a)	-	340,820
Profit receivable		124,867	131,975
Deferred charges		85,936	89,838
		302,509	663,582

⁽a) Amount due from a related company, which related to banking operations, are unsecured, non-profit bearing and are repayable on demand.

A14. DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS

		30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
(i)	By type of deposit:		
	Savings deposit:		
	Commodity Murabahah	3,415,799	3,460,994
	Qard	157,813	188,243
	Demand deposit:		
	Commodity Murabahah	11,538,614	12,985,650
	Qard	1,559,799	2,812,566
	Term deposits:	00 044 050	00 004 040
	Commodity Murabahah Qard	30,914,858	29,904,948
	Total	681,656 48,268,539	313,205 49,665,606
	Total	40,200,339	49,005,000
(ii)	The deposits are sourced from the following types of customers:		
	Government and statutory bodies	4,009,742	3,927,843
	Business enterprises	24,643,113	25,732,302
	Individuals	16,676,186	17,954,016
	Others	2,939,498	2,051,445
		48,268,539	49,665,606
(iii)	The maturity structure of all term deposits is as follows:		
	Due within six months	25,326,629	24,331,023
	Over six months to one year	6,049,821	5,698,679
	Over one year to three years	217,981	185,634
	Over three years to five years	2,083	2,817
		31,596,514	30,218,153

A15. INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS OF CUSTOMERS

	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
Unrestricted investment account:		
Without maturity		
- Wakalah	11,821	11,359
With maturity - Mudarabah	985	1,121
- Mudaraban	12,806	12,480
	,,,,,,,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
The investments accounts are sourced from the following types of custom	ers:	
Business enterprises	92	84
Individuals	12,714	12,396
	12,806	12,480
	Wakalah	Mudarabah
	RM'000	RM'000
Investment assets:		
30 June 2025		
Interbank placement	11,821	-
House financing		985
Total investment	11,821	985
31 March 2025		
Interbank placement	11,359	-
House financing	<u> </u>	1,121
Total investment	11,359	1,121

A15. INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS OF CUSTOMERS (CONT'D.)

Average Rate of Return and Average Performance Incentive Fee for the investment accounts are as follows:

	Invest	ment account ho	lder
	Average profit sharing ratio (%)	Average rate of return (%)	Average performance incentive fee (%)
30 June 2025			
Maturity:			
- less than 3 months	47.62	0.17	2.95
- between 3 months to 12 months	48.52	2.43	-
31 March 2025			
Maturity:			
- less than 3 months	47.38	0.17	2.94
- between 3 months to 12 months	50.34	2.51	-

A16. DEPOSITS AND PLACEMENTS OF BANKS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
Non-Mudarabah		
Licensed Islamic banks	200,000	-
Licensed banks	88,442	87,545
Licensed investment banks	219,182	190,458
Other financial institutions	320,842	736,712
Bank Negara Malaysia	172,867	166,938
Total	1,001,333	1,181,653

A17. INVESTMENT ACCOUNT DUE TO A LICENSED BANK

	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
Restricted investment account ("RA") - Mudarabah Muqayyadah	1,042,369	1,194,172
Investment asset: Financing	1,042,369	1,194,172

A17. INVESTMENT ACCOUNT DUE TO A LICENSED BANK (CONT'D.)

Average Profit Sharing Ratio and Average Rate of Return for the investment account based on original contractual maturity are as follows:

	Investment account holder			
	30 June	31 March	30 June	31 March
	2025	2025	2025	2025
	Average profit	Average profit		
	sharing	sharing	Average rate	Average rate
	ratio (%)	ratio (%)	of return (%)	of return (%)
Maturity:				
- over 2 years to 5 years	90	90	3.91	4.02
- more than 5 years	90	90	4.30	4.38

The RA is a contract based on the Shariah concept of Mudarabah between two parties, that is, capital provider and entrepreneur to finance a business venture where the business venture is managed solely by the Bank as the entrepreneur. The profit of the business venture is shared between both parties based on a pre-agreed ratio. The capital provider for the RA contracts is AmBank, a related company.

As at 30 June 2025, ECL allowance for the investment asset borne by AmBank amounted to RM2.1 million (31 March 2025: RM2.5 million).

As at 30 June 2025, the remaining tenure of the RA contracts is for a period of 2 to 5 years (31 March 2025: 2 to 5 years).

A18. OTHER LIABILITIES

	Note	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
Profit payable		271,725	321,537
Other creditors and accruals		71,969	65,654
Lease liabilities		1,701	1,774
Provision for reinstatement			
for leased premises		86	86
Deferred income		18,807	20,954
Advance rental		13,758	13,021
Amount due to related companies	(a)	819,485	4
Allowances for ECL on financing			
commitments and financial guarantees	(b)	19,379	19,472
Provision for taxation		16,436	55,034
		1,233,346	497,536

⁽a) Amount due to related companies, which related to banking operations, are unsecured, non-profit bearing and repayable on demand.

A18. OTHER LIABILITIES (CONT'D.)

(b) The movements in allowances for ECL are as follows:

	Stage 1 12-month ECL RM'000	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL Not Credit Impaired RM'000	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL Credit Impaired RM'000	Total RM'000
30 June 2025				
Balance at beginning of the				
financial period	11,006	4,148	4,318	19,472
Net (writeback of)/allowance	(,,,,,)		_	(-)
for ECL (Note A25):	(122)	42	2	(78)
- Transfer to Stage 1	180	(846)	-	(666)
- Transfer to Stage 2	(183)	889	-	706
- Transfer to Stage 3	(3)	(360)	363	
New exposures originated	2,294	1,425	-	3,719
Net remeasurement of	(74.4)	(500)	(004)	(4.044)
allowances	(714)	(566)	(361)	(1,641)
Financial exposures derecognised	(1,696)	(500)		(2,196)
Foreign exchange differences	(11)	(300)		(15)
Balance at end of the financial	(11)	(=)		(10)
period	10,873	4,186	4,320	19,379
31 March 2025				
Balance at beginning of the				
financial year	11,337	5,355	3,770	20,462
Net (writeback of)/allowance				
for ECL:	(320)	(1,201)	548	(973)
- Transfer to Stage 1	149	(1,132)	-	(983)
- Transfer to Stage 2	(278)	1,195	-	917
- Transfer to Stage 3	(37)	(275)	312	-
New exposures originated	4,035	1,807	-	5,842
Net remeasurement of				
allowances	(1,445)	(939)	236	(2,148)
Financial exposures				
derecognised	(2,744)	(1,857)	-	(4,601)
Foreign exchange differences	(11)	(6)	-	(17)
Balance at end of the financial	44.000	4.4.0	4.040	40.470
year	11,006	4,148	4,318	19,472

A19. INCOME DERIVED FROM INVESTMENT OF DEPOSITORS' FUNDS

	Individual Q	uarter	Cumulative Quarter	
	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000
Finance income and hibah:				
Financing and advances				
- Financing income	520,967	500,576	520,967	500,576
 Financing income 				
on impaired financing	826	450	826	450
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss	11,936	21,936	11,936	21,936
Financial investments at fair value				
through other comprehensive				
income	53,829	63,003	53,829	63,003
Financial investments at				
amortised cost	35,565	38,563	35,565	38,563
Deposits and placements with				
banks and other financial				
institutions	5,418	4,023	5,418	4,023
Total finance income and hibah	628,541	628,551	628,541	628,551
Fee and commission income: - Fees on financing,	40.000	40.074	40.000	40.074
advances and securities	16,932	13,671	16,932	13,671
- Guarantee fees	3,906	3,251	3,906	3,251
- Remittances	332	67	332	67
- Service charges and fees	900	964	900	964
- Others	1,768	1,487	1,768	1,487
Foreign exchange gain Gain/(Loss) from disposal of financial assets at fair value through	2,160	327	2,160	327
profit or loss	6,138	(1,551)	6,138	(1,551)
Gain on revaluation of financial				
assets at fair value through				
profit or loss	946	711	946	711
Gain from disposal of financial				
investments at fair value through				
other comprehensive income	3,532	-	3,532	-
Net loss on derivatives	(1,959)	(1,996)	(1,959)	(1,996)
Others	(10)	2	(10)	2
Total other operating income	34,645	16,933	34,645	16,933
Total	663,186	645,484	663,186	645,484

A20. INCOME DERIVED FROM INVESTMENT OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNT FUNDS

	Individua 30 June 2025 RM'000	al Quarter 30 June 2024 RM'000	Cumulativ 30 June 2025 RM'000	e Quarter 30 June 2024 RM'000
Income derived from investment of:				
Restricted investment accountUnrestricted investment	12,667	14,761	12,667	14,761
accounts	101	111	101	111
	12,768	14,872	12,768	14,872
Finance income and hibah: Financing and advances - Financing income	12,667	14,761	12,667	14,761
Income derived from investment of	unrestricted inve	estment accounts	;	
Finance income and hibah:				
Financing and advances - Financing income Deposits and placements with banks and other financial	13	16	13	16
institutions	88	95	88	95
Total finance income and hibah	101	111	101	111

A21. INCOME DERIVED FROM INVESTMENT OF SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS

	Individua 30 June 2025 RM'000	al Quarter 30 June 2024 RM'000	Cumulative 30 June 2025 RM'000	Quarter 30 June 2024 RM'000
Finance income and hibah:				
Financing and advances				
- Financing income	51,636	45,331	51,636	45,331
 Financing income on impaired financing 	82	41	82	41
Financial assets at fair value	02	71	02	71
through profit or loss	1,183	1,987	1,183	1,987
Financial investments at fair value				
through other comprehensive income	5,335	5,705	5,335	5,705
Financial investments at	5,335	5,705	5,555	5,705
amortised cost	3,525	3,492	3,525	3,492
Deposits and placements with				
banks and other financial	507	004	507	004
institutions Total finance income and hibah	537 62,298	364 56,920	537 62,298	364 56,920
Other operating income: Fee and commission income:				
- Bancassurance commission	4,292	3,337	4,292	3,337
- Fees on financing,	.,	3,00.	.,===	0,00.
advances and securities	1,679	1,241	1,679	1,241
- Guarantee fees	387	295	387	295
- Remittances	61	37	61	37
Service charges and feesOthers	1,008 1,649	1,023 7,048	1,008 1,649	1,023 7,048
Foreign exchange gain	214	30	214	30
Gain/(Loss) from disposal of financial		00	211	
assets at fair value through	600	(1.40)	609	(1.40)
profit or loss Gain on revaluation of financial	608	(140)	608	(140)
assets at fair value through				
profit or loss	94	64	94	64
Gain from disposal of financial investments at fair value through				
other comprehensive income	350	_	350	_
Net loss on derivatives	(194)	(181)	(194)	(181)
Others	(1)		(1)	
Total other operating income	10,147	12,754	10,147	12,754
Total	72,445	69,674	72,445	69,674

A22. ALLOWANCE FOR/(WRITEBACK OF) IMPAIRMENT ON FINANCING AND ADVANCES - NET

	Individual Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000
Allowance for impairment on financing and advances Impaired financing and	50,657	17,161	50,657	17,161
advances recovered, net	(17,238)	(21,010)	(17,238)	(21,010)
Total	33,419	(3,849)	33,419	(3,849)

A23. WRITEBACK OF IMPAIRMENT ON FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

	Individual Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000
Financial investments at amortised cost - sukuk Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive	(832)	(283)	(832)	(284)
income - sukuk	(782)	(337)	(782)	(336)
Total	(1,614)	(620)	(1,614)	(620)

A24. WRITEBACK OF IMPAIRMENT ON OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	Individual Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	30 June 2025			30 June 2024
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cash and short-term funds	(5)	-	(5)	-

A25. WRITEBACK OF PROVISION FOR COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

	Individual Quarter		Cumulative Quarter	
	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000
Writeback of provision for commitments and contingencies - financing commitments and				
financial guarantee contracts	(78)	(935)	(78)	(935)

A26. INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE DEPOSITORS AND OTHERS

	Individual C	Individual Quarter		Cumulative Quarter		
	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000		
Non-Mudarabah fund Deposit from customers Deposits and placements of banks and other	339,852	342,919	339,852	342,919		
financial institutions	6,674	16,613	6,674	16,613		
	346,526	359,532	346,526	359,532		
Others	23,864	32,907	23,864	32,907		
Total	370,390	392,439	370,390	392,439		

A27. INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS

	Individual Quarter		Cumulative Quarter		
	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000	
<u>Unrestricted investment accounts</u> Customers	8	9	8	9	
Restricted investment account					
Licensed bank	11,400	13,285	11,400	13,285	
	11,408	13,294	11,408	13,294	

A28. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	Individual Quarter		Cumulative Quarter		
	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000	30 June 2025 RM'000	30 June 2024 RM'000	
Personnel costs:					
Salaries, allowances,					
bonuses and incentives Share granted under AMMB Executives' Share Scheme	4,873	4,732	4,873	4,732	
("ESS") - charge Contributions to Employees' Provident Fund/Private	393	71	393	71	
Retirement Scheme	779	751	779	751	
Social security cost	30	24	30	24	
Others	467	559	467	559	
-	6,542	6,137	6,542	6,137	
Establishment costs:					
Amortisation of intangible					
assets	20	18	20	18	
Cleaning, maintenance and security	20	21	20	21	
Computerisation costs	165	405	165	405	
Depreciation of property	. 55		.00		
and equipment	27	45	27	45	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	76	76	76	76	
Rental of premises	76 153	139	153	139	
Finance cost:					
- Lease liabilities	12	14	12	14	
Others _	373	5	373	5	
-	846	723	846	723	
Marketing and communication expenses:					
Advertising, marketing					
and communication	1,420	900	1,420	900	
Others _	19	23	19	23	
-	1,439	923	1,439	923	
Administration and general expenses:					
Professional services	789	644	789	644	
Others _	3,436	2,603	3,436	2,603	
_	4,225	3,247	4,225	3,247	
Service transfer					
pricing expense, net	121,954	112,383	121,954	112,383	
	135,006	123,413	135,006	123,413	
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

A29. BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic/Diluted

The basic/diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holder of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial period.

	Individual Quarter		Cumulative (Cumulative Quarter		
	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	30 June 2025	30 June 2024		
Net profit attributable to equity						
holder of the Bank (RM'000)	135,527	137,606	135,527	137,606		
Number of ordinary shares at beginning and end of the financial period representing the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	494,369	494,369	494,369	494,369		
Basic/Diluted earnings per share (sen)	27.41	27.83	27.41	27.83		

A30. BUSINESS SEGMENT ANALYSIS

Segment information is presented in respect of the Bank's business segments. The business segment information is prepared based on internal management reports, which are regularly reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker in order to allocate resources to a segment and to assess its performance.

The Bank comprises the following main business segments:

(a) Retail Banking

Retail Banking continues to focus on building mass affluent and affluent customers. Retail Banking offers products and financial solutions which includes auto finance, mortgages, personal financing, credit cards, priority banking services, wealth management, remittance services and deposits.

(b) Business Banking

Business Banking ("BB") focuses on all sizes of businesses and enterprises by providing a range of products and solutions such as Commercial, Enterprise and SME Lending, Business Wealth, Industrial Hire Purchase and Bancassurance.

(c) Wholesale Banking

Wholesale Banking comprises Corporate Banking, Transaction Banking and Group Treasury and Markets:

(i) Corporate and Transaction Banking

Corporate Banking offers a full range of products and services, including corporate lending, investment banking advisory, trade finance, offshore banking and cash management solutions to wholesale banking clients.

Transaction Banking delivers tailor-made digital and cash management solutions, as well as trade financing and remittance services, to corporate and SME clients.

(ii) Group Treasury and Markets

Group Treasury and Markets manages funding and liquidity for the banking group and offers financial market and hedging solutions across all asset classes to a broad range of clients. The sales and trading activities cover fixed income, profit rates, foreign exchange, money market, equity derivatives, commodities and other derivatives.

A30. BUSINESS SEGMENT ANALYSIS (CONT'D.)

The Bank comprises the following main business segments (cont'd.):

(d) Investment Banking

Investment Banking offers Islamic advisory services and a wide range of Shariah-compliant financial and investment solutions that include sukuk origination and Islamic structured finance.

(e) Others

Others comprise activities to support operations of the main business units and non-core operations of the Bank.

Measurement of Segment Performance

The segment performance is measured on income, expenses and profit basis. These are shown after allocation of certain centralised costs, funding income and expenses directly associated with each segment. Transactions between segments are recorded within the segment as if they are third party transactions and are eliminated on aggregation.

Note:

- (i) The Chief Operating Decision Maker relies primarily on the net finance income information to assess the performance of, and to make decisions about resources to be allocated to these operating segments.
- (ii) The financial information by geographical segment is not presented as the Bank's activities are principally conducted in Malaysia.
- (iii) The comparatives have been restated to conform with current business realignment between the business segment.

A30. BUSINESS SEGMENT ANALYSIS (CONT'D.)

For the financial period ended 30 June 2025

		_	Wholesale banking				
	Retail Banking RM'000	Business Banking RM'000	Corporate and Transaction Banking RM'000	Group Treasury and Market RM'000	Investment Banking RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
External net income	188,752	156,284	76,721	(78,392)	495	(341)	343,519
Intersegments net income	(70,948)	(39,959)	(37,426)	148,368	2	(37)	<u> </u>
Net income	117,804	116,325	39,295	69,976	497	(378)	343,519
Net finance income	110,542	98,840	33,018	58,930	25	(458)	300,897
Other income	7,262	17,485	6,277	11,046	472	80	42,622
Net income	117,804	116,325	39,295	69,976	497	(378)	343,519
Other operating expenses of which:	(79,658)	(36,188)	(13,844)	(6,285)	-	969	(135,006)
Depreciation of property and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	(27)	(27)
Depreciation of right-of-use-assets	-	-	-	-	-	(76)	(76)
Amortisation of intangible assets	(1)	(1)	-	-	-	(18)	(20)
Profit before impairment losses and provision	38,146	80,137	25,451	63,691	497	591	208,513
(Allowance for)/Writeback of impairment on financing and advances	(32,574)	(5,054)	4,209	-	-	-	(33,419)
Writeback of impairment on financial investments	-	127	680	807	-	-	1,614
Writeback of impairment on other financial assets	-	-	-	5	-	-	5
(Provision)/Writeback of provision for commitments and contingencies	(707)	345	440	-	-	-	78
Profit before zakat and taxation	4,865	75,555	30,780	64,503	497	591	176,791
Zakat and taxation	(1,168)	(18,133)	(7,387)	. ,	(120)	(1,311)	(41,264)
Profit/(loss) for the financial period	3,697	57,422	23,393	51,358	377	(720)	135,527
Other information							
Total segment assets	24,317,059	15,313,470	7,864,229	13,932,365	24,465	137,901	61,589,489
Total segment liabilities	16,882,096	11,228,820	5,119,754	22,428,950	2,088	853,304	56,515,012
Cost to income ratio	67.6%	31.1%	35.2%	9.0%	0.0%	>100%	39.3%
Gross financing and advances	24,628,291	14,819,453	7,146,978	-	-	-	46,594,722
Net financing and advances	24,230,462	14,708,049	7,084,674	-	-	-	46,023,185
Impaired financing and advances	427,265	213,531	58,010	-	-	-	698,806
Deposits	16,728,922	11,143,662	5,086,425	16,310,863	-	-	49,269,872
Additions to :							
Property and Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	30	30
Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>

A30. BUSINESS SEGMENT ANALYSIS (CONT'D.)

For the financial period ended 30 June 2024 (Restated)

External net income 214,821 116,742 78,992 (112,865) 893 (252) 298 Intersegments net income (90,661) (13,977) (44,687) 149,962 9 (646) Net income 124,160 102,765 34,305 37,097 902 (898) 296 Net finance income 110,015 90,527 30,911 40,248 20 (1,005) 270 Other income 14,145 12,238 3,394 (3,151) 882 107 27 Net income 124,160 102,765 34,305 37,097 902 (898) 298 Other operating expenses of which: (74,147) (31,885) (12,874) (5,962) 7 1,455 (12,874) Depreciation of property and equipment 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 1,455 1,455 1,223 1,451 1,455 1,455 1,223 1,451 1,455 1,455 1,455 1,455 1,455 1,455 <	(Restated)			Wholesa	le hanking			
Retail Banking RW000 RW0000 RW000 RW000 RW000 RW000 RW000 RW000 RW000 RW0000 RW00000 RW000000 RW000000 RW000000 RW000000 RW000000 RW000000 RW000000 RW0000000 RW0000000 RW0000000 RW0000000 RW0000000 RW00000000 RW00000000 RW00000000 RW000000000 RW000000000 RW000000000 RW000000000 RW0000000000			-		e banking			
Retail Banking RM'000 Rm'0			Business		Group Treasury	Investment		
RM'000 RM'0000 RM'0000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000		Retail Banking			•		Others	Total
Intersegments net income (90,661) (13,977) (44,687) 149,962 9 (646) 144,160 102,765 34,305 37,097 902 (898) 298 29			•	_		•		RM'000
Net income 124,160 102,765 34,305 37,097 902 (898) 298 Net finance income 110,015 90,527 30,911 40,248 20 (1,005) 270 Other income 14,145 12,238 3,394 (3,151) 882 107 27 Net income 124,160 102,765 34,305 37,097 902 (898) 298 Other operating expenses of which: (74,147) (31,885) (12,874) (5,962) - 1,455 (123 Depreciation of property and equipment - - - - - - - - - (45) - - (45) - <td>External net income</td> <td>214,821</td> <td>116,742</td> <td>78,992</td> <td>(112,865)</td> <td>893</td> <td>(252)</td> <td>298,331</td>	External net income	214,821	116,742	78,992	(112,865)	893	(252)	298,331
Net finance income 110,015 90,527 30,911 40,248 20 (1,005) 277 (Other income 14,145 12,238 3,394 (3,151) 882 107 27 (1,005) 14,145 12,238 3,394 (3,151) 882 107 27 (1,005) 12,000 (1,005)	Intersegments net income	(90,661)	(13,977)	(44,687)	149,962	9	(646)	-
Other income 14,145 12,238 3,394 (3,151) 882 107 27 Net income 124,160 102,765 34,305 37,097 902 (898) 298 Other operating expenses of which: (74,147) (31,885) (12,874) (5,962) - 1,455 (123 Depreciation of property and equipment - - - - - - - - (76) Amortisation of intangible assets (1) - - - - - (17) Profit before impairment losses and provision 50,013 70,880 21,431 31,135 902 557 174 (Allowance for)/Writeback of impairment on financing and advances (18,808) 7,795 14,862 -	Net income	124,160	102,765	34,305	37,097	902	(898)	298,331
Net income 124,160 102,765 34,305 37,097 902 (898) 298 Other operating expenses of which: (74,147) (31,885) (12,874) (5,962) - 1,455 (123 Depreciation of property and equipment - <td< td=""><td>Net finance income</td><td>110,015</td><td>90,527</td><td>30,911</td><td>40,248</td><td>20</td><td>(1,005)</td><td>270,716</td></td<>	Net finance income	110,015	90,527	30,911	40,248	20	(1,005)	270,716
Other operating expenses of which: (74,147) (31,885) (12,874) (5,962) - 1,455 (123) Depreciation of property and equipment - <td< td=""><td>Other income</td><td>14,145</td><td>12,238</td><td>3,394</td><td>(3,151)</td><td>882</td><td>107</td><td>27,615</td></td<>	Other income	14,145	12,238	3,394	(3,151)	882	107	27,615
Depreciation of property and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use-assets Amortisation of intangible assets Color of intangible assets Depreciation of right-of-use-assets Amortisation of intangible assets Color of intangible assets Color of intangible assets Color of intangible assets Depreciation of property and equipment Color of intangible assets Co	Net income	124,160	102,765	34,305	37,097	902	(898)	298,331
Depreciation of right-of-use-assets -	Other operating expenses of which:	(74,147)	(31,885)	(12,874)	(5,962)	-	1,455	(123,413)
Amortisation of intangible assets (1) - - - - - (17) Profit before impairment losses and provision (Allowance for)/Writeback of impairment on financing and advances Writeback of impairment on financial investments (18,808) 7,795 14,862 -	Depreciation of property and equipment	-	-	-	-		(45)	(45)
Profit before impairment losses and provision (Allowance for)/Writeback of impairment on financing and advances (18,808) 7,795 14,862	Depreciation of right-of-use-assets	-	-	-	-	-	(76)	(76)
(Allowance for)/Writeback of impairment on financing and advances (18,808) 7,795 14,862 - - - 3 Writeback of impairment on financial investments - 173 93 354 - - - Writeback of provision/(Provision) for commitments and contingencies 716 (326) 545 - - - - Profit before zakat and taxation 31,921 78,522 36,931 31,489 902 557 180 Zakat and taxation (7,661) (18,845) (8,864) (5,191) (217) (1,938) (42	Amortisation of intangible assets	(1)	-	-	-	-	(17)	(18)
Writeback of impairment on financial investments - 173 93 354 - - Writeback of provision/(Provision) for commitments and contingencies 716 (326) 545 - - - Profit before zakat and taxation 31,921 78,522 36,931 31,489 902 557 180 Zakat and taxation (7,661) (18,845) (8,864) (5,191) (217) (1,938) (42)	Profit before impairment losses and provision	50,013	70,880	21,431	31,135	902	557	174,918
Writeback of provision/(Provision) for commitments and contingencies 716 (326) 545 - - - - - Profit before zakat and taxation 31,921 78,522 36,931 31,489 902 557 180 Zakat and taxation (7,661) (18,845) (8,864) (5,191) (217) (1,938) (42	(Allowance for)/Writeback of impairment on financing and advances	(18,808)	7,795	14,862	-	-	-	3,849
Profit before zakat and taxation 31,921 78,522 36,931 31,489 902 557 180 Zakat and taxation (7,661) (18,845) (8,864) (5,191) (217) (1,938) (42)	Writeback of impairment on financial investments	-	173	93	354	-	-	620
Zakat and taxation (7,661) (18,845) (8,864) (5,191) (217) (1,938) (42)	Writeback of provision/(Provision) for commitments and contingencies	716	(326)	545	-	-	-	935
	Profit before zakat and taxation	31,921	78,522	36,931	31,489	902	557	180,322
Profit/(Loss) for the financial period 24,260 59,677 28,067 26,298 685 (1,381) 13	Zakat and taxation	(7,661)	(18,845)	(8,864)	(5,191)	(217)	(1,938)	(42,716)
	Profit/(Loss) for the financial period	24,260	59,677	28,067	26,298	685	(1,381)	137,606
Other information	Other information							
Total segment assets 24,668,801 12,909,512 8,023,347 14,847,689 - 159,034 60,608	Total segment assets	24,668,801	12,909,512	8,023,347	14,847,689	-	159,034	60,608,383
Total segment liabilities 16,926,097 11,777,433 4,380,248 22,604,534 1,945 16,241 55,706	Total segment liabilities	16,926,097	11,777,433	4,380,248	22,604,534	1,945	16,241	55,706,498
Cost to income ratio 59.7% 31.0% 37.5% 16.1% 0.0% >100% 4	Cost to income ratio	59.7%	31.0%	37.5%	16.1%	0.0%	>100%	41.4%
Gross financing and advances 24,954,877 12,419,478 7,515,577 44,889	Gross financing and advances	24,954,877	12,419,478	7,515,577	-	-	-	44,889,932
Net financing and advances 24,564,767 12,293,927 7,404,291 44,262	Net financing and advances	24,564,767	12,293,927	7,404,291	-	-	-	44,262,985
Impaired financing and advances 411,439 157,547 75,978 644	Impaired financing and advances	411,439	157,547	75,978	-	-	-	644,964
Deposits 16,802,885 11,677,957 4,008,701 14,168,826 46,658	Deposits	16,802,885	11,677,957	4,008,701	14,168,826	-	-	46,658,369
Additions to :	Additions to :							
Property and Equipment 3	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	-	-	-	-		3
Intangible assets 70	Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	70	70

A31. PERFORMANCE REVIEW FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

The Bank reported a lower profit after zakat and taxation of RM135.5 million for the financial period ended 30 June 2025 compared to the corresponding period ended 30 June 2024 of RM137.6 million.

The lower profit was mainly due to net allowance for impairment on financing and advances of RM33.4 million (30 June 2024: writeback of RM3.8 million), higher other operating expenses by RM11.6 million and lower writeback of ECL on financing commitments and financial guarantee contracts by RM0.8 million.

The lower profit is mitigated by higher net finance income by RM30.2 million arising from higher net finance margin, higher other operation income by RM15.0 million mainly from gain on disposal of securities and higher writeback of impairment on financial investments by RM1.0 million.

The Bank recorded CET 1 Capital Ratio of 14.73% and Total Capital Ratio of 19.33%.

In the opinion of the directors, the results of operations of the Bank for the financial period have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

A32. PROSPECTS FOR THE NEXT FINANCIAL YEAR

Tariff impact is sipping in while the United States ("US") Federal Reserve ("Fed") takes a cautious approach on the interest rate path outlook amid the latest inflation print

With the lapse of 1st August deadline for trade agreements, President Donald Trump ("President Trump") has signed an executive order imposing reciprocal tariffs ranging from 10% to 41% on most imports from numerous countries. Although there are concerns over slowing economic growth and rising inflation persist, it remains uncertain whether US President Trump will proceed with hiking sectoral tariffs, such as pharmaceuticals and semiconductors. Meanwhile, the US-China trade deal has been extended for another 90 days to facilitate further discussions, which is also crucial for achieving positive outcomes for both parties.

As of July 2025, the Fed has maintained its benchmark interest rate at 4.25% to 4.50% since December 2024. Despite this, the Fed anticipated two rate cuts this year in the latest Summary Economic Projections ("SEPs"), reflecting a cautious approach as inflationary pressures are slated to pick up in the months ahead due to US policy shift.

Eurozone policymakers are seen to hold off on the final rate cut until year-end

The European Central Bank ("ECB") kept interest rates unchanged in its July meeting at 2.00% with several policymakers arguing that further reductions are unnecessary. The policymakers chose to maintain the interest rate benchmark following the conclusion of EU-US tariff negotiations – a 15% tariff for European exports to the US. While another rate cut in December is possible, this could be the final rate cut in the current cycle. The central bank is taking a data-dependent approach, remaining cautious of external risks such as global trade tensions and geopolitical instability. The overall stance is to support economic recovery without reigniting inflation.

A32. PROSPECTS FOR THE NEXT FINANCIAL YEAR (CONT'D.)

Malaysia's economy faces downside external risks, but growth is still driven by domestic

Malaysia second quarter of 2025 gross domestic product ("GDP") growth recorded at 4.4%, maintaining its previous growth momentum buoyed by higher household spending following favourable labour market conditions and income-related policy measures. However, the economic backdrop is expected to become more challenging in the 2nd half of 2025 as the full impact of the 19% US tariffs takes hold and the temporary boost from frontloading fades. Even so, we do not foresee a sharp downturn or recession in the near term, with resilient household consumption, rising tourist arrivals, and robust construction activity expected to continue supporting growth. As such, we maintain our view that the Malaysia's GDP is expected to grow between 3.5% to 4.5% in Calendar Year ("CY") 2025, moderating from 5.1% in the previous year.

On the inflation front, we expect inflation to average between 1.8% to 2.3% in CY2025 (CY2024: 1.8%). The price pressure has remained contained in the first half of CY2025 due to the easing of production costs and the lack of demand-driven price pressure, as reflected by producer price deflation for four (4) straight months since March 2025. However, inflationary pressures are expected to pick up in the second half of CY2025 due to expansion of the Sales and Services Tax ("SST"), the planned rollout of RON95 subsidy rationalisation and electricity tariff restructuring.

The banking sector of Malaysia slowed in June as non-household financing moderated

Meanwhile, the industry's total number of outstanding financing eased grew by 5.12% year-on-year ("YoY") in June, slightly lower than the 5.27% recorded in the previous month. Household financing maintained at 5.85% (May: 5.85%), whereas non-household financing decreased to 4.05% (May: 4.42%) during the month. The overall banking system remains well capitalised, reflected by the liquidity coverage ratio of 160.62% in June (May: 150.37%). The financing-to-fund ratio and financing-to-fund-and-equity ratio remained stable at 83.30% (May: 83.60%) and 72.43% (May: 72.39%) as of the month.

On the other hand, the recent July 2025 Monetary Policy Committee ("MPC") meeting announced the 25 basis points ("bps") Overnight Policy Rate ("OPR") cut to 2.75% by Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") as expected. This marks the bank's first-rate reduction since July 2020, during the pandemic, and ends its 26-month rate pause. BNM has indicated in the accompanying Monetary Policy Statement ("MPS") that the July 2025 OPR cut is a pre-emptive move to preserve Malaysia's steady growth amid moderate inflation prospects. Nevertheless, the OPR cut should not be construed as the start of an aggressive easing cycle. Given that the risk of an imminent recession is minimal, we do not see another cut over the remainder of 2025, specifically in the September and November meetings.

AMMB Group commences the new financial year 2026 ("FY2026") on a positive note

AMMB Group's 5-year Winning Together ("WT29") strategy got off to a good start with commendable financial results in FY2025, laying a firm foundation for FY2026 to build on. In Quarter 1 of FY2026 ("Q1FY2026"), AMMB Group reported improved income, driven by Net Interest Margin ("NIM") expansion and Non-Interest Income ("NoII") growth which resulted in strong Profit After Taxation and Minority Interest ("PATMI") of RM516 million. AMMB Group also reported an annualised Return on Equity ("ROE") of 10.0% and a Return on Assets ("ROA") of 1.05%.

In line with our WT29 strategy, we maintain focus on the three strategy pillars that underpin our operational resilience: Digitalisation, Operational Excellence and Sustainability ("D.OE.S"). We continue to invest wisely in advanced technologies, prioritise the digital transformation agenda and harness the power of artificial intelligence ("Al"), data analytics and automation to deliver customercentric banking solutions and drive operational excellence through enhanced process efficiency.

A32. PROSPECTS FOR THE NEXT FINANCIAL YEAR (CONT'D.)

AMMB Group commences the new financial year 2026 ("FY2026") on a positive note (Cont'd.)

Sustainability continues to be at the forefront of our key priorities as our legitimacy to operate and reinforce our franchise. In our journey towards carbon neutrality, we are committed to intensify environmental, social and governance ("ESG") initiatives and actively advocate green financing solutions tailored to meet our customers' evolving needs, supporting their transition to a low-carbon economy.

While being mindful of prevailing uncertainties surrounding the US' tariffs and geopolitical tensions in the Middle East, AMMB Group remains optimistic on the continued growth of the Malaysian economy, buoyed by resilient domestic demand, and AMMB Group's prospects for FY2026.

A33. VALUATION OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The Bank's property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (if any).

A34. SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE FINANCIAL PERIOD

There was no significant event during the current financial period.

A35. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Bank makes various commitments and incurs certain contingent liabilities with legal recourse to its customers. No material losses are anticipated as a result of these transactions. The commitments and contingencies are not secured against the Bank's assets.

The principal amounts of the commitments and contingencies of the Bank and notional contracted amounts of derivatives are as follows:

	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
Commitments		
Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines, with an	7.420.004	0.440.750
original maturity of up to one year Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines, with an	7,132,094	6,143,759
original maturity of over one year	602,920	635,225
Unutilised credit card lines	1,663,277	1,601,577
Forward asset purchase	133,614	173,308
	9,531,905	8,553,869
Contingencies		
Direct credit substitutes	136,497	145,994
Transaction related contingent items	1,596,923	1,644,120
Short-term self-liquidating		
trade-related contingencies	80,516	52,545
	1,813,936	1,842,659
Derivative Financial Instruments		
Foreign exchange related contracts		
- One year or less	1,904,206	1,992,481
- Over one year to five years	96,882	140,494
Profit rate related contracts		
- Over one year to five years	200,000	200,000
	2,201,088	2,332,975
Total	13,546,929	12,729,503

A36. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Determination of fair value and fair value hierarchy

The Bank uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly;
- Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

For assets and liabilities measured at fair value that are recognised on a recurring basis, the Bank determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Financial assets and liabilities measured using a valuation technique based on assumptions that are supported by prices from observable current market transactions are assets and liabilities for which pricing is obtained via pricing services, but where prices have not been determined in an active market, financial assets with fair values based on broker quotes, investments in private equity funds with fair values obtained via fund managers and assets that are valued using the Bank's own models whereby the majority of assumptions are market observable.

Non market observable inputs means that fair values are determined, in whole or in part, using a valuation technique (model) based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument, nor are they based on available market data. The main asset classes in this category are unlisted equity investments and debt instruments. Valuation techniques are used to the extent that observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date. However, the fair value measurement objective remains the same, that is, an exit price from the perspective of the Bank. Therefore, unobservable inputs reflect the Bank's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). These inputs are developed based on the best information available, which might include the Bank's own data, as well as financial information of the counterparties. The Bank does not have any financial assets or liabilities measured at level 3 as at the end of the reporting period and 31 March 2025.

A36. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

a) The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Bank's assets and liabilities.

	Valuation techniques			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
30 June 2025				
Assets measured at fair value				
Derivative financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	40,089	-	40,089
- Money market securities	-	1,418,782	-	1,418,782
 - Unquoted sukuk Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income 	-	448,440	-	448,440
- Money market securities	-	3,426,837	-	3,426,837
Quoted sharesUnquoted sukuk	7,936	3,094,323	-	7,936 3,094,323
- Unquoted status - Unquoted shares	-	23,882	_	23,882
onquoted shares	7,936	8,452,353		8,460,289
Liabilities measured at fair value Derivative financial liabilities		43,403		43,403
31 March 2025				
Assets measured at fair value				
Derivative financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	18,958	-	18,958
- Money market securities	-	1,646,234	-	1,646,234
 - Unquoted sukuk Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income 	-	643,075	-	643,075
 Money market securities 	-	2,840,330	-	2,840,330
- Quoted shares	9,715	-	-	9,715
 Unquoted sukuk 	-	2,972,033	-	2,972,033
- Unquoted shares		29,235		29,235
	9,715	8,149,865		8,159,580
Liabilities measured at fair value				
Derivative financial liabilities		19,944		19,944

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the current financial period and previous financial year for the Bank.

A37. CAPITAL ADEQUACY

The capital adequacy ratios of the Bank are computed in accordance with BNM's policy documents on Capital Adequacy Framework for Islamic Banks ("CAFIB") (Capital Components) issued on 14 June 2024, CAFIB (Risk Weighted Assets) issued on 18 December 2023, Capital Adequacy Framework (Operational Risk) and Capital Adequacy Framework (Exposures to Central Counterparties) issued on 15 December 2023. Pursuant to the BNM's policy document on CAFIB (Capital Components), the minimum capital adequacy ratios to be maintained under the guideline are at 4.5% for CET1 capital, 6.0% for Tier1 capital and 8.0% for total capital ratio at all times. In addition, banking institutions are also required to maintain capital buffers which comprise the sum of the following:

- (i) a Capital Conservation Buffer ("CCB") of 2.5%;
- (ii) a Countercyclical Capital Buffer ("CCyB"), determined as the weighted-average of the prevailing CCyB rates applied in the jurisdictions in which the Bank has credit exposures. BNM will communicate any decision on the CCyB rate by up to 12 months before the date from which the rate applies; and
- (iii) a Higher Loss Absorbency ("HLA") requirement for a financial institution that is designated as a domestic systemically important bank ("D-SIB").

The Bank adopts the following approaches in determining the capital requirements:

Credit Risk:

The Bank has adopted the FIRB Approach and Supervisory Slotting Criteria for major non-retail portfolios and the Advanced Internal Ratings Based ("AIRB") Approach for major retail portfolios. Credit risk is computed in accordance with CAFIB (Risk Weighted Assets) and Capital Adequacy Framework (Exposures to Central Counterparties).

Market Risk:

Market risk remains to be computed using the Standardized Approach, as per the CAFIB (Risk Weighted Assets).

Operational Risk:

The computation of operational risk-weighted assets is in line with the Capital Adequacy Framework (Operational Risk) issued on 15 December 2023.

A37. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (CONT'D.)

(a) The capital adequacy ratios without transitional arrangement of the Bank are as follows:

	30 June 2025 *	31 March 2025
Before deducting proposed dividends:		
CET 1 Capital Ratio	14.726%	15.652%
Tier 1 Capital Ratio	14.726%	15.652%
Total Capital Ratio	19.331%	20.276%
After deducting proposed dividends:		
CET 1 Capital Ratio	14.726%	14.814%
Tier 1 Capital Ratio	14.726%	14.814%
Total Capital Ratio	19.331%	19.439%

^{*} There is no proposed dividend for the current financial period.

(b) The components of CET 1 Capital, Tier 1 Capital, Tier 2 Capital and Total Capital of the Bank are as follows:

	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
CET 1 Capital		
Ordinary shares	1,387,107	1,387,107
Retained earnings	3,425,668	3,724,686
Fair value reserve	16,903	(1,589)
Regulatory reserve	109,272	80,674
Less: Regulatory adjustments applied on CET 1 Capital		
 Intangible assets 	(190)	(210)
 Deferred tax assets 	(47,818)	(55,440)
 55% of cumulative gain of FVOCI 		
financial instruments	(9,297)	-
 Regulatory reserve 	(109,272)	(80,674)
 Unrealised fair value gains on financial 		
liabilities due to changes in own credit risk	(43)	(9)
CET 1 Capital/ Tier 1 Capital	4,772,330	5,054,545
Tier 2 Capital		
Tier 2 Capital instruments meeting all relevant criteria		
for inclusion	1,300,000	1,300,000
Surplus of eligible provisions to expected losses	155,398	154,180
General provisions ¹	37,070	39,241
Tier 2 Capital	1,492,468	1,493,421
Total Capital	6,264,798	6,547,966

¹ Consists of provision for performing assets and regulatory reserve subject to a maximum 1.25% of total credit RWA.

A37. CAPITAL ADEQUACY (CONT'D.)

(b) The components of CET 1 Capital, Tier 1 Capital, Tier 2 Capital and Total Capital of the Bank are as follows: (Cont'd.)

The breakdown of the risk-weighted assets ("RWA") in various categories of risk are as follows:

	30 June 2025 RM'000	31 March 2025 RM'000
Credit RWA	29,404,248	29,448,313
Less : Credit RWA absorbed by		
Investment Account	(539,023)	(612,320)
Total Credit RWA	28,865,225	28,835,993
Market RWA	497,988	449,684
Operational RWA	1,994,801	1,952,957
Additional RWA due to Capital Floor	1,049,775	1,055,516
Total Risk Weighted Assets	32,407,789	32,294,150